



LINED SEAHORSE

Hippocampus erectus



Conservation Status Vulnerable

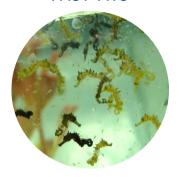
Range Map
(Provided by <u>IUCN Red List</u>)

FACT ONE



The name *Hippocampus* is derived from Ancient Greek words for "horse" and "sea monster," but seashorses are docile and vulnerable fish.

FACT TWO



Seahorses are true bony fish but instead of scales, they have skin stretched over bony plates and can be found in a variety of colors.

FACT THREE



Seahorses are the only species in the entire animal kingdom, in which the male gets pregnant. Pairs generally mate for life!

FACT FOUR



Mating partners of seahorses greet each other every day with a courtship ritual that involves color changing displays and dancing.

For more information about Seahorses:

CCE's Seahorse Conservation Initiative ccesuffolk.org/seahorses

Project Seahorse projectseahorse.org

DIGITAL EDUCATION



Overview

The lined seahorse is a unique species of fish native to Long Island waters, specifically in eelgrass beds. Unique features include a prehensile tail, eyes that can move independently of each other, and a horse-like head! Even though they lack teeth and a stomach, seahorses eat a lot of amphipods, copepods and other small crustaceans.

Life History

Not only are lined seahorses monogamous, but they also exhibit site fidelity and rarely travel far from home. After a female transfers eggs into the male's brood pouch, eggs are fertilized and incubate for approximately 21 days until the male gives birth to up to 300 tiny, fully formed juveniles! Seahorses are closely related to **pipefish** and seadragons. Their lifespan is about 1-4 years.

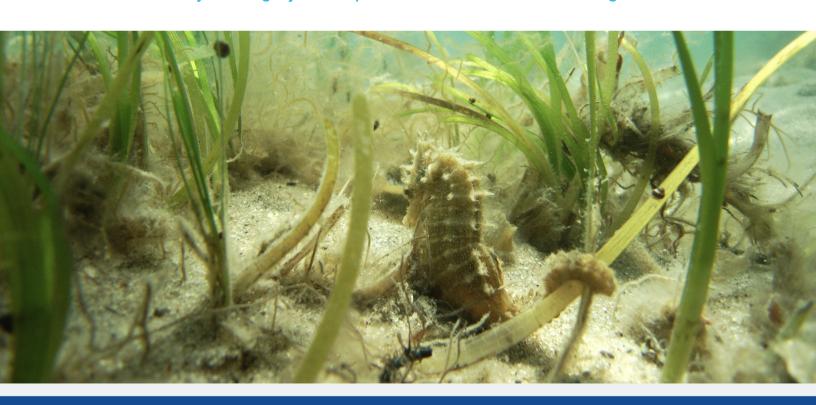
Status

Although they have few predators, the lined seahorse is considered a **vulnerable** species with declining populations. In fact, **habitat loss** is the most significant factor to seahorse population declines worldwide. **Seagrass meadows** and coral reefs are their preferred habitat types worldwide, and these docile, slow swimming and **cryptic** fish are highly susceptible to environmental changes.

How You Can Help

You can helped lined seahorses by protecting their natural habitat, spreading awareness and to never take them from the wild. Did you know CCE Marine Program has two ways you can help lined seahorses? Visit **ccesuffolk.org/marine** for more information about, or to get involved with, our Marine Meadows Initiative and Seahorse Conservation Initiative!

The docile, slow swimming lined seahorse is considered a vulnerable species. Populations continue to decline, as they are highly susceptible to environmental changes.



Cornell Cooperative Extension | Marine Program



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